# STAT5B haploinsufficiency presenting with severe atopic dermatitis without immune dysregulation UC San Diego

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## Rationale

#### STAT5B is a critical mediator of multiple cytokines and growth hormone signaling, playing a key role in lymphocyte development, proliferation, and survival



unable to test

STAT5B p.R121\* STAT5B WT

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STAT5B WT

STAT5B p.R121\* STAT5B WT

	STAT5B haploin
Table 1. Clinical features of P1 (II.1) with STAT5B haploinsufficiency	
Clinical feature	Description
Age of onset	Neonatal
Previous Tx	Moisturizers, bleach baths, topical corticosteroids, topical tacrolimus
Other allergies	Moderate asthma, allergic rhinitis, peanut allergy
Complications	Adrenal insufficiency, ulnar fracture
AD severity	SCORAD: 59, QoL score: 27
Growth	Slight height reduction (145 cm)

Table 2. Laboratory findings of P1 (II.1) with STAT5B haploinsufficiency



#### Figure 2. Reported STAT5B variants including from P1 (II.1)

#### OTATED L nsufficiency



Figure 3. Timeline of eosinophil and IgE levels pre- and post-dupilumab from P1 (II.1)



Figure 4. Reduced p-STSAT5 and STAT5B expression in dermal fibroblasts

## Conclusion

This study identifies a novel heterozygous nonsense pathogenic variant in the STAT5B gene, resulting in haploinsufficiency associated with severe atopic dermatitis and mild growth impairment with notably absent autoimmune endocrinopathy or other immune dysregulation, expanding the phenotypic spectrum of STAT5B-associated disorders

### Reference

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